

crickets

## Protects Lawns, Vegetables, Fruit & Nut Trees, Roses, Flowers, Trees & Shrubs

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION See back booklet for additional precautionary statements. House crickels, carpenter ants, harvester ants, ladybeetles, earwigs; up to 4 weeks against fire ants ATTACH TO HOSE Net Contents 32 fl oz (1 qt / 946 mL)

NUMBER OF DAYS TO WAIT BETWEEN THE LAST APPLICATION AND HARVEST			
FRUIT AND NUT TREES	PHI		
Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Oriental Pear, Pear, Quince	21		
Apricot, Sweet Cherry, Tart Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum (Chickasaw, Damson, Japanese), Plumcot and Prune	14		
Almond, Beech Nut, Brazil Nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (Hazelnut), Hickory Nut, Macadamia Nut, Walnut (Black and English) and Pecan	14		
PHI = Pre-Harvest Interval			

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool, dry area away from heat or open flame.

Pesticide Disposal: If empty: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

# **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

**CAUTION.** Harmful if swallowed. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

## FIRST AID

If Swallowed: Call a Poison Control Center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a Poison Control Center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor for treatment advice.

### **Environmental Hazards**

This product is extremely toxic to fish. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid runoff to water bodies or drainage systems. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.



#### TRIAZICIDE INSECT KILLER FOR LAWNS & LANDSCAPES CONCENTRATE

PEEL HERE

# **PRODUCT FACTS**

WHERE TO USE:	Outdoors around the home only		
WHAT IT DOES:	Kills ants**, fleas, chinch bugs, mosquitoes, sod webworms, aphids**, beetles, whiteflies, mites**, deer ticks, Japanese beetles, fire ants and other listed insects **See inside product booklet for complete pest list.		
Covers up to 5,120 sq ft of Lawn for Lawn Surface Insects See booklet for directions.		Up to 3 Months* Control of Pests *House crickets, carpenter ants, harvester ants, ladybeetles, earwigs; up to 4 weeks against fire ants	
Protects Lawns, Veg & Nut Trees, Roses, & Shrubs	jetables, Fruit Flowers, Trees	Non-Staining*	

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NOTICE: To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

\*GUARAITEED RESULTS OR YOUR MONEY BACK • If you are not satisfied with this product for any reason, send your written request for a refund to the address below, together with the original dated store receipt showing the price you paid. Please allow 6-8 weeks for

processing.

HVDTE: This product is non-staining to most home siding depending on age and cleanliness. However, before using in areas where the spray may contact home siding (vinyl siding in particular), test in an inconspicuous area and recheck in a few hours. Do not use if any staining is observed.

QUESTIONS & COMMENTS: Call 1-800-917-5438 or visit our website at www.spectracide.com

#### Product of Denmark

Distributed by Spectrum Group, Division of United Industries Corporation PO Box 142642, St. Louis, MD 63114-0642. EPA Reg. No. 9888-277-8845 EPA Est. Nos. 9688-MO-100, 189964-GA-1(E), 58996-MO-1020 Circled letter is first letter of lot number. 17-18014 © 2022 UIC. All Rights Reserved.

### PROOF OF PURCHASE

FPO UPC 0 71121 95830 3



# STOP. READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USE.

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

 ${\tt III}$  Do not allow children or pets into the treated area until dry.

- Do not water the treated area to the point of runoff.
- Do not make applications during rain.
- All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-crevice treatments only, except for the following permitted uses:
  - 1. Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures
  - 2. Applications to lawns, turf and other vegetation
  - 3. Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 ft. Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces such as sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches and structural surfaces (such as windows, doors and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-crevice applications only.
- Application is prohibited directly into sewers or drains, or to any area like a gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow the product to enter any drain during or after application.

In New York State, this product may not be applied to lawns within 100 ft of a coastal marsh, or stream that drains directly into a coastal marsh.

# HOW TO APPLY

Determine the size of the spraying job. For lawns, measure the area to be sprayed. For trees, shrubs and flowers, apply as a thorough cover spray. Begin treating when insects first appear. Applications should be repeated only as directed to maintain control. Apply as directed. Remember, thorough coverage is important. Be sure to follow the important use limitations for the specific vegetable you are treating, including the amount of spray that can be applied, the interval between treatments and the days to wait before harvest.

# HOW TO USE THE QUICKFLIP™ SPRAYER

- 1. Shake container well before using.
- Connect a garden hose to the sprayer nozzle. Make sure switch is fully forward in the "OFF" position.
- 3. Turn on water at faucet. Extend hose to the farthest area to be treated and work back toward the faucet so you don't come in contact with the treated area.
- 4. Remove safety tab from sprayer's right side by pulling straight out. Discard or keep for future reuse.
- 5. To BEGIN spraying, point nozzle toward treatment site and pull switch backward toward hose connection. Water will automatically mix with the product.

- Spray until wet to control insects. Walk at a steady pace, working back toward the faucet while spraying, using an even sweeping motion, slightly overlapping treated areas.
- To STOP spraying, push switch forward toward nozzle. Turn water off at faucet. To relieve
  pressure before removing nozzle from hose, pull switch backward toward hose connection
  until water stops spraying.
- 8. To STORE unused product, make sure switch is fully forward in the "OFF" position.
- 9. Reinstall safety tab into sprayer's right side. With sprayer in the full "OFF" position, push tab into position.
- 10. Place in cool area away from heat, sunlight or open flame.

**‡**NOTE: This product is non-staining to most home siding depending on age and cleanliness. However, before using in areas where the spray may contact home siding (vinyl siding in particular), test in an inconspicuous area and recheck in a few hours. Do not use if any staining is observed.

## LAWNS

SURFACE INSECTS including ants<sup>‡‡</sup>, armyworms, cockroaches, crickets<sup>Y</sup>, cutworms<sup>8</sup>, earwigs, fleas, ladybeetles<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>, lawn moths (sod webworms), millipedes, mosquitoes, moths<sup>co</sup>, Palmetto bugs, sowbugs, mites<sup>A</sup>, spittlebugs, waterbugs, lone star ticks, brown dog ticks, American dog ticks and deer ticks (which may transmit Lyme Disease): Use 1 qt of this product to treat 5,120 sq ft of lawn. Thoroughly wet down grass a few hours before applying. Delay additional watering or mowing for 24 hours after application for optimum control of surface insects. Do not apply more than 14 times per year per location.

WHEN TO TREAT: Treat ants<sup> $\pm 1$ </sup> and other insects when they first appear or you notice lawn damage.

<sup>++</sup> Argentine, southern, field, Allegheny mound, Florida carpenter, red carpenter, black carpenter, cornfield, honey, pavement, nuisance, odorous, pyramid, black turf, white-footed, crazy, little black, ghost, thief, acrobat, citronella, big-headed, lawn, lasius

¥ House, common short-tailed, Indies short-tailed, Arizona, tropical, variable field, fall field, southeastern field, Texas field, spring field, northern wood, western striped, eastern striped, sand field, vocal field, southern wood

\*\*\*\* Convergent, seven-spotted, two-spotted, thirteen-spotted, twice-stabbed, Asian

- $\boldsymbol{\beta}$  Black, bronzed, granulate, variegated, greasy, spotted, army, clover, green
- $\infty$  Artichoke plume, gypsy, Zimmerman pine

^ Banks grass, carmine, European, grain, Pacific, russet, spruce

## **FIRE ANT MOUNDS**

Mix 3.0 fl oz (6 Tbsp) in 1 gallon of water and apply to each fire ant mound. Thoroughly wet the mound and surrounding area to a 4 ft diameter. For best results, apply in cool weather, 65°F to 80°F, or in the early morning or late evening. Kills the entire mound, including the queen, in 24 hours. Treat new mounds as they appear. Do not disturb the mound prior to treatment.

## **ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS AND FLOWERS**

For use on ornamental trees, shrubs and flowers such as but not limited to: Ageratum, Arborvitae, Arizona Cypress, Aster, Azaleas, Begonia, Birch, Boxwood, Box Elder, Camellias, Carnations, Cherry (ornamental), Chrysanthemums, Coleus, Common Ninebark, Conifers, Douglas Fir, Elm, English Ivy, Euonymus, Exacum, Fir, Gladioli, Gold Bells, Hawthorn, Holly, Honeysuckle, Hypoestes, Ivy, Juniper, Lilac, Locust, Maple, Marigold, Mimosa, Mock Orange, Nanyberry, Oak, Orchid, Palm, Pansy, Pea Shrub, Petunia, Philodendron, Pine, Ornamental Plum, Poinsettia, Poplar, Tulip Poplar, Rhododendron, Roses, Snapdragon, Snowberry, Spruce, Taxus, Weeping Fig, Willow, Zinnia.

To control ants<sup>±±</sup>, aphids\*\*\*; armyworms, azalea caterpillar, bagworms, black vine weevil (adult), box elder bugs, budworms, California oakworm, cankerworms, cockroaches, crickets<sup>4</sup>, cutworms<sup>8</sup>, eastern tent caterpillar, elm leaf beetles, European sawfly, fall webworm, flea beetles, forest tent caterpillar, gypsy moth larvae, Japanese beetles (adults), June beetles (adults), lace bugs, lady beetles\*\*\*\*, leaf-feeding caterpillars, leafhoppers<sup>5</sup>, leafminers+ (adults), lace bugs, lady beetles\*\*\*, leaf-feeding caterpillars, leafhoppers<sup>5</sup>, leafminers+ (adults), laor bugs, lady beetles, singes, moths<sup>∞</sup>, oleander moth larvae, pillbug, pine sawfly, pine shoot beetles, pinetip moths, plant bugs, root weevil, sawfly, scale insects (crawlers), spiders, spittlebugs, striped beetles, striped oakworm, thrips, tip moth, tussock moth larvae, broadmites, brown softscale, California redscale (crawler), clover mites, mealybugs, pineneedle scale (crawler), spider mites and whiteflies.

<sup>++</sup> Argentine, southern, field, Allegheny mound, Florida carpenter, red carpenter, black carpenter, cornfield, honey, pavement, nuisance, odorous, pyramid, black turf, white-footed, crazy, little black, ghost, thief, acrobat, citronella, big-headed, lawn, lasius

\*\*\* Buckhorn, greenbug, pea, root, rose, walnut

<sup>¥</sup> House, common short-tailed, Indies short-tailed, Arizona, tropical, variable field, fall field, southeastern field, Texas field, spring field, northern wood, western striped, eastern striped, sand field, vocal field, southern wood

 $\beta$  Black, bronzed, granulate, variegated, greasy, spotted, army, clover, green

\*\*\*\* Convergent, seven-spotted, two-spotted, thirteen-spotted, twice-stabbed, Asian

§ Mountain, rose, southern garden, variegated, variegated larvae, Virginia creeper, aster, six-spotted, elm, white-banded elm, sharp-nosed, blunt-nosed, red-banded, rice, eastern grape, potato, western grape + Corn blotch, alder, boxwood, holly, oak, spruce needle, tentiform, vegetable

- # Oblique-banded, red-banded, variegated
- $^{\infty}$  Artichoke plume, gypsy, Zimmerman pine

Apply as a thorough foliar spray. Wet leaves and branches to the dripping point. Try to spray underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage.

## USE TIPS

- · For best results, apply early before insect populations are high.
- For scale control, treat entire plant, including stem, trunk and twigs.
- For bagworm control, apply when bagworm larvae begin to hatch.
- For best results, apply to both sides of plant leaves and all plant surfaces where insects are found.

## VEGETABLES

Apply when insects appear or when damage occurs. Spray to wet all infested plant surfaces. Apply as a thorough foliar spray. Wet leaves and branches to the dripping point. Try to spray underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. One quart will treat 6,144 sq ft of vegetable plants.

### Do not apply more than five times per growing season to corn. For all other crops, do not apply more than nine times per growing season.

For use on Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cavalo Broccoli, Cauliflower, Chinese Broccoli, Chinese Cabbage, Chinese Mustard and Kohlrabi to control: alfalfa looper, cabbage looper, imported cabbageworm, southern cabbageworm, cutworm<sup>8</sup>, cabbage webworm, diamondback moth, armyworm, beet armyworm, fall armyworm, yellow-striped armyworm, corn earworm, flea beetle, Japanese beetle (adult), grasshopper, leafhopper<sup>5</sup>, plant bug, including lygus bug, stink bug, meadow spittlebug, aphid<sup>+++</sup>, whitefly, thrips, spider mite. For use on Corn (sweet and pop) to control: cutworm<sup>8</sup>, western bean cutworm, corn earworm, green cloverworm, meadow spittlebug, tobacco budworm, European corn borer, southwestern corn borer, stalk borer, hop vine borer, armyworm, beet armyworm, western corn rootworm beetle (adult), northern corn rootworm beetle (adult), southern corn rootworm beetle (adult), Mexican corn rootworm beetle (adult), bean leaf beetle, cereal leaf beetle, Japanese beetle (adult), sap beetle (adult), stink bug, grasshopper, corn leaf aphid, English grain aphid, chinch bug, green bug.

Sweet Corn only: southern armyworm, western bean cutworm, tarnished plant bug, aster leafhopper, aphid\*\*\*, spider mite, corn silkfly (adult).

For use on Lettuce (head and leaf) to control: alfalfa looper, cabbage looper, imported cabbageworm, cutworm<sup>§</sup>, saltmarsh caterpillar, green cloverworm, diamondback moth, armyworm, beet armyworm, fall armyworm, southern armyworm, corn earworm, tobacco budworm, European corn borer, flea beetle, Japanese beetle (adult), vegetable weevil

(adult), grasshopper, leafhopper\$, plant bug, stink bug, meadow spittlebug, aphid\*\*\*, whitefly, spider mite.

For use on Onion (bulb) and Garlic to control: cutworm<sup>8</sup>, seedcorn maggot (adult), onion maggot (adult), leafminer+ (adult), armyworm, onion thrips, tobacco thrips, western flower thrips, flower thrips, aphid\*\*\*, plant bug, stink bug.

For use on Tomato, Tomatillo, Peppers (bell and nonbell), Eggplant, Ground Cherry and Pepino to control: cabbage looper, cutworm<sup>8</sup>, hornworm, tomato fruitworm, tobacco budworm, tomato pinworm, beel armyworm, southern armyworm, yellow-striped armyworm, fall armyworm, European corn borer, leafminer+, Colorado potato beetle, flea beetle, grasshopper, leafhopper<sup>§</sup>, aphid\*\*\*, whitefly, meadow spittlebug, stink bug, plant bug, stalk borer, blister beetle, Janese beetle (adult), vegetable weevil, cucumber beetle (adult).

For use on Asparagus Beans, Snap Beans, Wax Beans, Black-Eyed Peas, Garden Peas, Green Peas and Sugar Snap Peas to control: cutwormß, green cloverworm, imported cabbageworm, saltmarsh caterpillar, velvetleaf caterpillar, Mexican bean beetle, corn earworm, painted lady butterfly (larvae), European corn borer, looper spp., western bean cutworm, armyworm, yellow-striped armyworm, western yellow-striped armyworm, bean leafskeletonizer, webworm spp., leaftier spp., alfalfa caterpillar, stalk borer, cucumber beetle (adult), corn rootworm beetle (adult), flea beetle (adult), blister beetle, bean leaf beetle, Japanese beetle (adult), leafhopper\$, fleas hopper spp., three-cornered alfalfa hopper, meadow spittlebug, stink bug spp., plant bug spp., grasshopper, thrips spp., aphid\*\*\*.

\*\*\* Buckhorn, greenbug, pea, root, rose, walnut

§ Mountain, rose, southern garden, variegated, variegated larvae, Virginia creeper, aster, six-spotted, elm, white-banded elm, sharp-nosed, blunt-nosed, red-banded, rice, eastern grape, potato, western grape

B Black, bronzed, granulate, variegated, greasy, spotted, army, clover, green

+ Corn blotch, alder, boxwood, holly, oak, spruce needle, tentiform, vegetable

NUMBER OF DAYS TO WAIT BETWEEN THE LAST APPLICATION AND HARVEST	
VEGETABLES	PHI
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cavalo Broccoli, Cauliflower, Chinese Broccoli, Chinese Cabbage, Chinese Mustard, Kohlrabi, Lettuce (head and leaf)	1
Tomato, Tomatillo, Peppers (bell and nonbell), Eggplant, Ground Cherry and Pepino	5
Onions (bulb), Garlic	14
Corn (sweet and pop)	21
Asparagus Beans, Snap Beans, Wax Beans, Black-Eyed Peas, Garden Peas, Green Peas and Sugar Snap Peas	7
Lettuce (leaf and head)	1
PHI = Pre-Harvest Interval	

## **FRUIT AND NUT TREES**

Apply when insects appear or when damage occurs. Spray to wet all infested plant surfaces. Apply as a thorough foliar spray. Wet leaves and branches to the dripping point. Try to spray underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. One quart will treat 6,144 sq ft of fruit and nut trees.

For fruit trees, do not apply more than nine times per year, and only apply five times after blooms have formed. For nut trees, do not apply more than six times per year, and only apply five times after blooms have formed.

For use on Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Oriental Pear, Pear and Quince to control: leafhopper\$, codling moth, tufted apple budworm, Oriental fruit moth, lesser appleworm, green fruitworm, tent caterpillar spp., tentiform leaf miner spp., apple maggot (adult), pear sawfly, plum curculio, Japanese beetle, plant bug, stink bug, periodical cicada, apple aphid, rosy apple aphid, pear psylla, San Jose scale (on fruit only).

For use on Apricot, Sweet Cherry, Tart Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Plum (Chickasaw, Damson, Japanese), Plumcot and Prune to control: leafroller#, peach twig borer, Oriental fruit moth, peachtree borer spp., green fruitworm, tent caterpillar spp., American plum borer, cherry fruit fly spp. (adult), plum curculio, rose chafer, Japanese beetle, plant bug, stink bug, leafhopperS, periodical cicada, black cherry aphid.

For use on Almond, Beech Nut, Brazil Nut, Butternut, Cashew, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Filbert (Hazelnut), Hickory Nut, Macadamia Nut, Walnut (Black and English) and Pecan to control: leafroller#, navel orangeworm, codling moth, filbertworm, peach twig borer, walnut husk fly spp. (adult), ants<sup>±</sup>, plant bug, stink bug, chinch bug, leaffooted bug, walnut aphid, hickory shuckworm, pecan casebearer spp., pecan weevil, pecan aphid spp., pecan spittlebug, pecan phylloxera spp.

<sup>++</sup> Argentine, southern, field, Allegheny mound, Florida carpenter, red carpenter, black carpenter, cornfield, honey, pavement, nuisance, odorous, pyramid, black turf, white-footed, crazy, little black, ghost, thief, acrobat, citronella, big-headed, lawn, lasius

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